d) In a class of 30 students, there are six more boys than girls. What percentage of this class are girls?

x: number of girls
1. y: number of boys

 $\begin{cases} x + y = 30 \\ y = x + 6 \end{cases}$

 $S = \{(12, 18)\}$ The girls represent 40% of this class.

- e) There are 52 boats in a marina: sailboats and speedboats. There are 3 times as many sailboats as speedboats. How many sailboats and speedboats are there?

 39 sailboats and 13 speedboats
- f) The length of a rectangle measures 5 times its width. If the perimeter of this rectangle is 144 cm, what is its area? ____**720** cm²

AGTIVITY 3 Solving by comparison

Consider the system $\begin{cases} y = -3x + 5 & (1) \\ y = 2x - 5 & (2) \end{cases}$

- What equation with the variable x can we deduce by comparing the two equations of the system obtained in a)? -3x + 5 = 2x 5
- b) Solve this last equation to determine the value of the variable x. x = 2
- c) Deduce the value of the variable y. y = -1
- d) What is the solution set of the system? $S = \{(2, -1)\}$

ALGEBRAIC SOLVING OF A SYSTEM: COMPARISON METHOD

The comparison method for solving a system is illustrated in the following example.

Given the system $\begin{cases} y = 2x + 1 & (1) \\ y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{9}{2} & (2) \end{cases}$

- We deduce by transitivity an equation in only one variable.

 $2x + 1 = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{9}{2}$

- We solve the resulting equation.

4x + 2 = -3x + 9x = 1

- Then, we substitute this value into one of the system's equations and deduce the value of the other variable.

 $y = 2 \times 1 + 1$

- We establish the solution set S of the system.

y = 3S = {(1, 3)}

5. Solve the following systems by comparison.

a)
$$\begin{cases} y = 2x + 9 \\ y = -3x - 1 \end{cases}$$

b)
$$\begin{cases} x = 2y + 7 \\ x = -4y - 5 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{3}{4}x + y \\ y = \frac{2}{3}x - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$S = \{(-2, 5)\}$$

$$S = \{(3, -2)\}$$

$$S = \{(-18, -13)\}$$

- In each of the following situations,
 - 1. identify the variables.
 - 2. translate the situation into a system of two first degree equations with two variables.
 - 3. solve the system by comparison and give a complete answer.
 - a) A school principal has the choice of two transportation companies to organize a field trip for the students.

The first company charges a base amount of \$120 plus \$1.50 per student. The second company charges a base amount of \$80 plus \$2 per student. How many students must come for the transportation costs to be the same for both companies?

x: number of students y: total cost

 $\int y = 1.5x + 120$ 2. y = 2x + 80

 $S = \{(80, 240)\}$ For 80 students, they both charge \$240.

b) Joseph and Nathan are car salesmen for two different dealerships. Joseph receives a weekly base salary of \$350 and a 0.5% commission on his sales. Nathan receives a base salary of \$100 and a 1% commission on his sales. What must be the amount of sales for Joseph and Nathan to receive the same weekly salary?

x: amount of sales (\$) y = 0.005x + 350y: salary (\$) y = 0.01x + 100Joseph and Nathan both receive a salary of \$600. x: amount of sales (\$)

 $S = \{(50\ 000,\ 600)\}$ For \$50 000 in sales,

c) A line l_1 has a slope of $\frac{3}{2}$ and a y-intercept of -3. A line l_2 , perpendicular to l_1 , has a y-intercept of 10. What is the point of intersection of these two lines?

x: x-coordinate of the intersection point y: y-coordinate of the intersection point $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 3$ $y = -\frac{2x}{3} + 10$ 1 intersection point

 $S = \{(6, 6)\}$ The intersection point is 3 *(6, 6)*.

d) Caroline receives a weekly base salary of \$120 plus a \$10 commission for every item sold. Her friend Jessica receives a weekly base salary of \$150 and an \$8 commission for every item sold. How many items must they each sell to earn the same weekly salary?

x: number of items sold y: salary (\$)

v = 10x + 120

 $S = \{(15, 270)$ They must each sell 15

SOLVING A SYSTEM: CHOOSING A METHOD

If a system is written in the form:

- $\begin{cases} a_1x + b_1y = c_1 \\ a_2x + b_2y = c_2 \end{cases}$, we usually solve it by addition
- $\begin{cases} a_1x + b_1y = c_1 \\ y = a_2x + b_2, \text{ we usually solve it by substitution} \end{cases}$
- $\begin{cases} y = a_1 x + b_1 \\ y = a_2 x + b_2 \end{cases}$, we usually solve it by comparison.
- **7.** Solve each of the following systems using the appropriate method.

a) $\begin{cases} y = x - 8 \\ y = -2x + 1 \end{cases}$ b) $\begin{cases} 3x + 2y = -2 \\ 5x + y = 6 \end{cases}$

 $S = \{(3, -5)\}$

 $S = \{(2, 3)\}$